

JECH, C.

"Study of Formation of Radioactive Deposits on Dust Particles of Varying Size", P. 333, (CHEMICKÉ LISTY, Vol. 48, No. 3, Mar. 1954, Praha, Czechoslovakia)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EEAL), LC, Vol. 4, No. 1, Jan. 1955, Uncl.

JECH, C.

GERM.

532.61
2463. Changes of surface properties by irradiation with α -rays. C. Jech. Z. phys. Chem. [Leipzig] 203, No. 5-6, 309-11 (Oct., 1954) In German.

The contact angle between water and a polystyrene surface is progressively decreased by (prior) exposure of the surface to the α -rays from a polonium source. No such effect is observed in vacuum, from which it is concluded that the effect in air is due to the action of the ionized air at the surface. W. GOOD

3
M. A. YOUTZ
2 copies

RAW
F.M.

JECH, CESTMIR

Radioaktivni aerosoly. Praha, Maki. Ceskoslovenske akademie ved, 1955. 41 p. (Ceskoslovenska akademie ved. Sekce chemicka. Mala kniznice chemickych listu. sv. 5)
(Radioactive aerosols. 1st ed. illus., bibl., graphs, index, tables).

SO: Monthly Index of East European Accesssions (EEAL) LC, Vol. 7, No. 1, Jan. 1953

JECH, C.

Radioactive aerosols. p. 577

CHEMICKÉ LISTY (Československá akademie věd. Československá společnost chemiků) Praha, Československo. Vol. 49, no. 4, Apr. 1955

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) IC, Vol. 9/ 1960
no. 1, Jan
Uncl.

Jech, C.

Natural background for measuring radioactive aerosols. P. 192
CESKOSLOVENSKY CASOPIS PRO FYSIKU. (Ceskoslovenska akademie ved.
Ustav technicke fysiky) Praha
Vol. 6, no. 2, Mar. 1956

Source: EEAL - LC Vol. 5. No. 10 Oct. 1956

POLACEK, E., Doc., Dr.; JECH, C., Dr.; za technicke spoluprace
M. Kristana.

Absorption of 0.9 o/o sodium chloride injected subcutaneously
in dehydration shock. Cesk. pediat. 11 no. 6:406-411 June 56.

1. Z. I. detske kliniky: predn. prof. Dr. J. Svejcar, a z
Ustavu fyzikalni chemie CSAV; predn. akademik R. Brdicka.

(DEHYDRATION, experimental,

eff. of isotonic solution, absorp. rate after
subcutaneous admin. in rats. (Cz))

(ISOTONIC SOLUTIONS, effects,

on exper. dehydration shock, absorp. rate after
subcutaneous admin. in rats. (Cz))

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec.2 Vol.10/10 Phy.Biochem. Oct 57
JECH C.

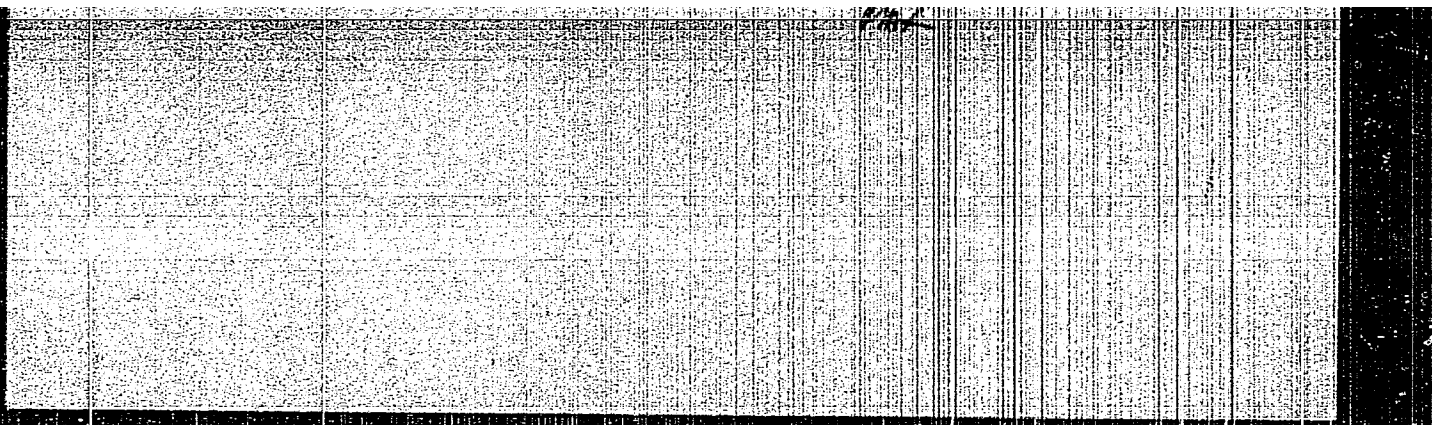
4480. JECH Č. Inst. of Phys.Chem., Czechoslovak Acad. of Sci., Prague. * Re-
tentation of radon decay products in human lungs ARCH.
INDUSTR. HLTH 1956, 13/5 (475-479) Graphs 3 Illus. 1

A method has been developed for a continuous registration of radon decay products (or other radioactive aerosols) in the exhaled air. It has been established that after inhalation of air containing decay products of radon, the concentration of these products in the expired air varies considerably during the course of an exhalation. The initial expired concentration is relatively high (60%-90% of the concentration inhaled) and drops to about 30% of the inhaled concentration at the end of each normal exhalation and nearly to zero during a deep exhalation.

Carr - Minneapolis, Minn. (II, 15, 17*)

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JECH, C

POLACEK, E.; JECH, C.; za technicke spoluprace M. Kristana

Treatment of dehydration shock by saline solutions. Cas.
lek. cesk. 96 no.24-25:737-740 21 June 57.

1. I. detska klinika, prednosta prof. dr. J. Svejcar. Ustav
fysikalni chemie CAV, prednosta akademik J. Brdicka. E. P.,
Praha 2, Sokolska 2.

(DEHYDRATION, exper.

shock, eff. of saline solutions in rats (Cx))

(SODIUM, eff.

saline solutions on exper. dehydration shock in rats (Cx))

CZECHOSLOVAKIA/Physical Chemistry - Electrochemistry.

B

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur Khimiya, No 19, 1959, 67376

Author : Jech, Cestmir

Inst : -

Title : Introduction of Radioactive Gases into a Metal Surface
in the Study of Passivating Layers.

Orig Pub : Jaderna energie, 1958, 4, No 12, 390-392

Abstract : The introduction of a radioactive gas (Rn or Xe¹³¹) into a metal surface was used in the investigation of passive films formed on Fe and Zn as a result of corrosion inhibitors of the chromate type. The gas was blown not very deeply into the pre-passivated metal, while ionized by the discharge of a high-frequency current; a Tesla transformer was used. At different time intervals of sample exposition to an aggressive medium (saturated water vapor containing SO₂) radiograms were recorded from which rates of radioactivity loss by

Card 1/2

- 31 -

JECH, C.

"Radioisotopes in Scientific Research,' and an international conference of UNESCO."

P. 244 (Chemie, Vol. 10, no. 3, Mar. 1958, Praha, Czechoslovakia)

Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 7, no. 9, September 1958

POLACEK, Emil; JECH, Cestmir, Za technicke spoluprace M. Kristana

Absorption of isotonic solutions of sodium salts from the subcutaneous tissue. Cesk. pediat. 14 no.8:690-696 Aug 59.

1. Detska klinika, prednosta prof. dr. J. Svejcar Ustav pro vyzkum
vyvoje ditete, reditel prof. dr. J. Houstek Ustav fyzikalni chemie
CSAV: reditel akademik R. Brdicka.
(ISOTONIC SOLUTIONS, metab.)

8175 0

Z/037/60/000/04/003/014
E073/E535

18.9100

AUTHOR: Jech, Ľestmír

TITLE: Radiography¹⁴ with Recoil Atoms

PERIODICAL: Československý časopis pro fysiku, 1960, No 4,
pp 294-296 + 1 plate

ABSTRACT: For very thin objects, with thicknesses of the order of a few hundred Å, it is necessary to use a radiation which does not have a high degree of penetration. For this purpose recoil atoms, which form during the decomposition of natural α-radioactive substances with energies of the order of 100 keV and which penetrate to a depth of about 1000 Å in substances of uniform density, are used. In this paper a description is given of a radiography technique based on using recoil atoms and of the method of preparing a source of recoil atoms which is suitable for this purpose. The described source of recoil atoms is resistant to the effect of water, organic solvents and acids and it is also resistant to mechanical abrasion. The source can be used for

Card 1/2

Card 2/2

KUBIE, G.; JECH, C.; SPURNY, K.

Analytical methods for the determination of aerosols by using membrane ultrafilters. Part 4: Filter penetration by aerosol particles. Coll Cz Chem 26 no.4:1065-1071 Ap '61.

1. Mining Institute and Institute of Physical Chemistry, Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences, Prague.

(Aerosols) (Filters and filtration)

38521

S/186/62/004/003/017/022
E075/E436

5.5500

AUTHORS:

Jech, Č., Zhabrova, G.M., Roginskiy, S.Z.,
Shibanova, M.D.

TITLE:

The change of emanation capacity and the evolution of
surface gaseous marker during dehydration of hydroxides

PERIODICAL: Radiokhimiya, v.4, no.3, 1962, 355-364

TEXT: The authors studied the processes of dehydration of metal hydroxides leading to changes in their structure and specific surface, using the classical emanation method with Th^{228} , as well as the method developed by one of the present authors (Č. Jech. Radioisotopes in Scientific Research. (Proc. First UNESCO Internat. Confer)., v.2, 491. London, Pergamon Press, 1958). In the latter method inert radioactive marker gases are introduced into a solid by bombarding its surface with the gaseous ions in a high frequency electric discharge. Thermogravimetric and X-ray analyses were also used. The hydroxides studied were $\text{Zn}(\text{OH})_2$, $\text{Ni}(\text{OH})_2$, $\text{Mg}(\text{OH})_2$, $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$, $\text{Zr}(\text{OH})_4$ and $\text{Th}(\text{OH})_4$. The hydroxides were heated up to 600°C . The radioactive methods indicated the initiation of the dehydration processes with great Card 1/2

JECH, Cestmir

"Radioactive isotopes in the practice" by Ilja Miskovsky.
Reviewed by Cestmir Jech. Pokroky mat fyz astr 7 no.4:247-248
'62.

JECH, Cestmir

"Man and radioactivity" by F.Behounek. Reviewed by Cestmir
Jech. Pokroky mat fyz astr 7 no.6:364 '62.

Z/037/62/000/005-6/041/049
E140/E520

AUTHOR: Jech, Č.

TITLE: Sputtering of radioactive atoms from surface-layers
of single crystals by ionic bombardment

PERIODICAL: Československý časopis pro fyziku, ¹²no.5-6, 1962,
669-672

TEXT: The atoms of radioactive isotopes of lead and bismuth (RaB and RaC) were incorporated into the surface layers of lead and copper single crystals and then sputtered by bombarding with a beam of krypton ions. The directional distribution of the material of the sputtered single crystal was compared with the distribution of the sputtered activity. In the lead single crystals the two distributions were substantially the same, which permits the use of radioactive labelling in this way for studying the crystal structure of very thin layers on the surface of a lead single crystal. In the experiment a thin oxide layer was formed on the surface of a lead single crystal by immersion for 2 min in a 30% solution of hydrogen peroxide, then tagged by RaB and RaC. The surface layer was completely isotropic. There is 1 figure.
Card 1/2

JECH, C.

"Laboratories for work with radioisotopes" by J.Beránek, M. Hubáček, A.Pulkrab and M.Weber. Reviewed by C.Jech. Chem listy 56 no.11:1363-1364 N '62.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

JECH, C

Institute of Physical Chemistry, Czechoslovak
Academy of Sciences, Prague

Prague, Collection of Czechoslovak Chemical
Communications, No 3, March 1966, pp 1385-1388

"Thermal release of ³⁵sulfur from reactor irradiated
sodium chloride."

JICH, J.

Building elements made of lime-slag concrete called Silikalite. p. 22.

POZEMNI STAVBY. (Ministerstvo stavebnictvi)
Praha, Czechoslovakia Vol. 7, no. 1, Jan. 1959

Monthly List of East European accession, (SEAI), IC, Vol. 8, No. 12, Dec. 1959
Uncl.

L 34151-66 T/EWP(t)/ETI IJP(c) JD

ACC NR: AP6026045

SOURCE CODE: CZ/0034/66/000/003/0226/0226

AUTHOR: Jech, J. (Engineer)

ORG: none

TITLE: Method of heat treating/steel objects, mainly those made of supraeutectoid steels

SOURCE: Hutnicke listy, no. 3, 1966, 226

TOPIC TAGS: metal heat treatment, metal stress, martensite steel, austenite steel

ABSTRACT: The article is a summary of Czechoslovak Patent Application Class 18/o, 1/16, PV 3776-65, dated 11 June 65. Direct cooling from an austenization temperature in a refrigerated bath causes internal stresses and wastes refrigeration. The invention suggests a first step cooling to $+100^{\circ}\text{C}$ of the temperature at which austenization begins. When the first cooling step from austenization temperature stops at the martensite formation temperature, and refrigeration starts at this temperature, the austenite is not stabilized, and changes more easily into martensite during refrigeration. Keeping the metal at a temperature where martensite begins to form, decreases the stability of the austenite. The first cooling step, to the martensite forming temperature may be made advantageously by immersion into a salt bath. [JPRS: 36,646]

SUB CODE: 11, 20 / SUBM DATE: none

Card 1/1 *vn. 25*

J. JECH

Journal of the Iron and
Steel Institute
July 1954
Heat-Treatment and
Heat-Treatment Furnaces

Surface Hardening of Tool Steels. J. Jech. (Hutnická listy, 1953, 8, (13), 819-828) [In Czech]. Surface-hardening of Poldi steel lathe tools with one and with two torches was studied. By a suitable adjustment of the distance between the burners, temperature distribution and cooling rates can be controlled to give a deeper, more regular hardening than with one burner only, and surface cracks are entirely eliminated.—P. F.

MIKULECKY, Z.; ONDRACKOVA, J.; JECH, J.

Characteristics of a small tar plant with special reference to late forms of skin lesions. Pracovni lek. 11 no.6:304-307 Aug 59.

1. Oddeleni pro choroby kozni OUNZ v Koline, primar MUDr. Z Mikulecky
OHES v Koline, reditel MUDr. V. Madle.
(TARS, eff. inj.) (SKIN DISEASES, etiol.)

L 6624-66 T/EMP(+) / ETI IJF(+) JD/DJ

ACC NR: AP6026070

SOURCE CODE: CZ/0034/65/000/012/0872/0878

AUTHOR: Jech, Jaroslav (Engineer) 13
15

ORG: Research Institute for Metallurgy of Iron, Prague (Vyzkumnu ustav hutnictvi zeleza)

TITLE: Note on the annealing of ball bearing steels 16

SOURCE: Hutnicke listy, no. 12, 1965, 872-878

TOPIC TAGS: ball bearing steel, annealing, temperature control, metallurgic furnace, metal heat treatment

ABSTRACT: To obtain the correct structure of the annealed ball bearing steel a narrow range of austenizing temperatures must be maintained. It is also important to control the austenite transformation range in the bulk of the charge. These requirements are best fulfilled in a continuous roller hearth furnace where the temperatures are maintained in a thin layer of the charge. The rate of cooling following the end of the austenizing temperature treatment is also important. The slower the rate of cooling the higher the amount of fine grain carbides in the metal. The behavior of the steel during the quenching operation is a function of the form in which the carbides are present.

The carbides must be well dispersed and must not form agglomerates. The author thanks Engineer R. Riman, head of the Laboratory of Metal Physics, VUHZ, for carrying out the electron microscope work. Orig. art. has: 14 figures and 1 table. /Based on author's Eng. abst. / JPRS: 34,272/

SUB CODE: 11, 13 / SUBM DATE: none / ORIG REF: 002 / SOV REF: 002 / OTH REF: 009
Card 1/1 a.s. UDC: 621.822.6.002 669.14.018.251

L 34914-66 EWP(t)/EFI IJP(c) JD

ACC NR: AF6026596

SOURCE CODE: CZ/0034/66/000/002/0128/0129

AUTHOR: Jech, Jaroslav (Engineer)

ORG: none

TITLE: Set of diagrams of anisothermic decomposition of austenite

SOURCE: Hutnicke listy, no. 2, 1966, 128-129

TOPIC TAGS: austenite steel, heat of decomposition, metal property

ABSTRACT: Hutnicke Listy will publish a set of diagrams of anisothermic decomposition of austenite in Czech steels. These diagrams will be designated by numbers in the Czechoslovak series CSN 42 0075, but will not appear in numerical order, but according to the importance of the individual steels. The diagrams will appear as 2 pages in each issue of the Hutnicke Listy and it is expected that the publication will take 2 years. The first issue to contain the diagrams will be the April issue. The diagrams will be called ARA diagrams. The importance and application of the anisothermic austenite decomposition diagrams is discussed. [JPRS: 34,779]

SUB CODE: 11, 20 / SUBM DATE: none

Card 1/1 1195

JECH Jaroslav, kn.; JAREŠ, Josef

Consequences of bad hardening. Stroj. vyz. 13 no.2:104-105 P. 165.

JICHART, A.

Procedure to determine compensations for collective farmers. p. 9.
(Rolnicke Hlasy. Vol. 11, no. 6, June 1957. Praha, Czechoslovakia)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EFAL) LC, Vol. 6, no. 10, October 1957. Uncl.

CIHULA, J.; JECHOVA, D.; LANGER, St.

Hypertensive encephalopathy during acute glomerulonephritis;
clinical, psychological and electroencephalographical aspects.
Cesk. pediat. 11 no.12:905-913 Dec 56.

1. Katedra detskeho lekarstvi VLA (prof. Dr. J. Elecha), katedra
Neurologie VLA prof. Dr. M. Sercl), detska psychiatrie KUNZ v
Hradci Kralove.

(GLOMERULONEPHRITIS, in inf. & child
acute, with hypertensive encephalopathy (Cz))
(ENCEPHALOPATHY, HYPERTENSIVE, in inf. & child
with acute glomerulonephritis (Cz))

SERCL, M.; JAROS, O.; SVACINA, J.; KOVARIK, J.; NETTL, S.; ZDRAHAL, L.;
STOVICEK, J.; LICHY, J.; JECHOVA, D.; SIMKOVA, D.; KYRAL, VL.

Problem of the effect of one-centimeter electromagnetic waves on
the nervous system in exposed workers (radar). Pracovni lek. 11
no.8:395-400 Oct 59.

1. Neurologicka klinika v Hradci Kralove, prednosta prof. Dr. Sc.
MUDr. Mir Sercl.
(RADAR) (NERVOUS SYSTEM, radiation eff.)

SERCL, Miroslav; JECHOVA, Dagmar; KOMRSKA, Milan; KOVARIK, Jaromir;
KRYAL, Vlastimil; LICHÁ, Helena; LICHÝ, Josef; NETTL, Sasa;
SIMKOVA, Dagmar; STOVÍČEK, Jaroslav; VRCHA, Lubomir; ZDRAHAL,
Leopold; TUSL, Miloslav; SVORCOVA, Stepanka; KAUT, Vlastislav

On the effect of 1-centimeter electromagnetic waves on the nervous
system in man (radar). Sborn. ved. prac. lek. fak. Karlov. univ.
(Hrad Kral) 4 no.4:427-440 '61.

1. Neurologická klinika; prednosta prof. DrSc. MUDr. M. Sercl
Katedra obecné hygieny; prednosta prof. MUDr. V. Dvorak.
(RADAR) (NERVOUS SYSTEM physiolo)

JECHOVA, Dagmar

Electroencephalography in cerebral ischemia and organic vascular diseases of the brain. Sborn. ved. prac. lek. fak. Karlov. univ. (Hrad Kral)
(Suppl) 5 no.1:3-32 '62.

1. Prednosta prof. Dr Sc. MUDr. M. Sercl.

(ELECTROENCEPHALOGRAPHY)

(CEREBROVASCULAR DISORDERS)

SERCL, Miroslav; JECHOVA, Dagmar; KOMRSKA, Milan; KOVARIK, Jaromir; KYRAL, Vlastimil; LICHÁ, Helena; LICHÝ, Josef; NETTL, Sasa; SÍKOVÁ, Dagmar; STOVÍČEK, Jaroslav; VRCHA, Lubomir; ZDRAHAL, Leopold.

On the possible development of demyelination diseases of the human central nervous system resulting from injury by organic phosphate insecticides. Sborn. ved. prac. lek. fak. Karlov. Univ. 9 no.1:175-182 '64.

1. Neurologická klinika (prednosta: prof. MUDr. M. Serci, DrSc)
Karlovy University v Hradci Kralove.

SERCI, M., prof. dr., DrSc.; JENCHOVA, D.; KOMARSKA, M.; KOVARIK, J.; KYRAL, V.;
LACHA, H.; LICHY, J.; NETT, S.; SREKAL, D.; STOVICEK, J.; VRCHA, L.;
ZEMANAL, I.

The problem of late effects of poisoning with organic phosphate
insecticides. Cesk. neurol. 28 no.3:220-223 Ap '65.

1. Neurologická klinika lékařské fakulty Karlovy University v
Hradci Králové (přednosta: prof. dr. M. Sercl, DrSc.).

L 12843-66 EWT(1)/EWA(j)/EWA(b)-2 RO

ACC NR: AP6005712

SOURCE CODE: CZ/0082/65/000/003/0220/0223

AUTHOR: Sercl, M.; Jechova, D.; Komrska, M.; Kovarik, J.; Myral, V.; Licha, H.;
Lichy, J.; Nettel, S.; Simkova, D.; Stovicek, J.; Vrchal, L.; Zdrahal, L.

ORG: Neurological Clinic, Medical Faculty, Charles University, Hradec Kralove
(Neurologicka klinika lebarske fakulty KU)

TITLE: Problem of late sequelae of poisoning with organophosphate insecticides

SOURCE: Ceskoslovenska neurologie, no. 3, 1965, 220-223

TOPIC TAGS: insecticide, toxicology, biochemistry, organic phosphorus compound,
neurology, biologic metabolism, nervous system

ABSTRACT:

Insecticides containing compounds of organic phosphorus damage the periphery of the nervous system in humans because they act on neuromuscular plates, vegetative ganglia, CNS, and the brain. Study of 398 people who worked with these insecticides showed the possibility of the occurrence of late sequelae. Pseudoneurasthenic syndromes were found. The organic P compounds affect the cholinesterase complex, and possibly hydrolysing ferments, and glycolysis and phosphorylation of serines. Myeline metabolism may be damaged permanently. Orig. art. has: 1 table. [JPRS]

SUB CODE: 06 / SUBM DATE: none / ORIG REF: 002 / OTH REF: 009

Card 1/1 HW

SERCL, Miroslav; JECHOVA, Dagmar; KOMRSKA, Milan; KOVARIK, Jaromir;
KYRAL, Vlastimil; LICHÁ, Helena; LICHÝ, Josef; NETTL, Sasa;
SIMKOVA, Dagmar; STOVÍČEK, Jaroslav; VRCHA, Lubomir; ZDRAHAL,
Leopold

Comparison of neurologic findings and organic phosphate serum
cholinesterases in delayed effects of insecticides on the human
body. Sborn. ved. prac. lek. fak. Karlov. univ.: Suppl. 8 no.4:
415-433 '65.

1. Neurologická klinika (prednosta prof. MUDr. M. Sercl, DrSc.).

BARTOUSEK, Vladimir; JECHOVA, Dognar; ONDRACEK, Jaroslav

Pharmacological effects on afferent influence on respiratory disorders. Cesk. neur. 22 no.2:145-148 Mar 59.

1. Neurologicka klinika VIA J Ev. P., prednosta prof. dr. Sc. MUDr. Miroslav Serel Infekcni klinika VIA J. Ev. P., Prednosta doc. MUDr. Jaroslav Ondracek.

(RESPIRATORY TRACT, dis.
ther., narcotics (Cz))

(NARCOTICS, ther. use,
resp. dis. (Cz))

SKALICKY, Vladimir; JECHOVA, Vera

The importance of some microchemical color reactions in mycology. *Biologia plantarum* 6 no.1:57-65 '64.

1. Department of Botany, Faculty of Science, Charles University Praha 2, Benatska 2 (for Skalicky). 2. Botanical Institute, Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences, Pruhonice (for Jechova).

JE CNT, W.

Yugoslavia (430)

Technology

Safety measures in drilling. p. 19.

NAFTA. Vol. 2, no. 12, Dec. 1951.

East European Accessions List, Library of Congress,
Vol. 2, no. 3, March 1953. UNCLASSIFIED.

JECHT, W.

2163. Short air lines on ring diesel engines may cause explosions during gas eruptions. W. Jecht. *Nafte (Yugoslavia)*, 1954, 5(3), 51-2. — To avoid explosions with ring diesel engines the air as well as the exhaust line has to be at least 30 m long. Friction losses may be compensated by choosing larger diameter than normal. (Author's abstract.)

JECHT, W.

"Causes of breaks and damages of drill pipes and collars and damages to their threads."

p. 337 (Nafta) Vol. 8, no. 10, Oct. 1957
Zagreb, Yugoslavia

SO: Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC. Vol. 7, no. 4,
April 1958

11(4)

YUG/4-59-1-3/16

AUTHOR:

Jecht, Wilhelm, Engineer

TITLE:

"NCGJ-58" Drilling Machine (Bušača garnitura tipe "NCGJ-58")

PERIODICAL:

Nafta, 1959, Nr 1, pp 25 - 28 (YUG)

ABSTRACT:

After dealing with the difficulties and cost involved in transporting drilling machines for seismic reflection drilling to inaccessible sites, the author emphasizes that such a machine should also be, for reasons of economy, adaptable to other kinds of geological drillings and easy to transport and assemble. The "Savica-285" drilling machine produced in the workshops of the Poduzeće za istraživanje nafte (Petroleum Prospecting Enterprise) "Crna Gora" in Buljarica proved to be economical and suitable for seismic drilling, factors which are of great value to this Enterprise which has to prospect in inaccessible areas. The weight of the complete machine with motor is 354 kg and the time required for assembling is

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11(4)

YUG/4-59-1-3/16

"NCGJ-58" Drilling Machine

15 minutes. The depths reached by this machine with the use of a 5-6 hp gasoline "TMZ" motor are as follows: about 80 m with a drilling bit of 76 mm diameter, about 120 m with a drilling bit of 66 mm diameter and 160 m with a drilling bit of 56 mm diameter. By changing the torque and using a 10-hp diesel or gasoline motor a depth of 300 m can be reached. A 12-hp motor can also safely be used with this machine. The machine is a domestic product, the only imported parts being the ball and roller bearings since bearings of the dimensions required for such a machine are not produced in Yugoslavia. The weight could be reduced by using duralumin which was not done in the case of the first 5 machines since they were needed very urgently and quickly. The life of such a machine could also be extended beyond the present limit by special care and careful lubrication. This factor was taken into

Card 2/3

11(4)

YUG/4-59-1-3/16

"NCGJ-58" Drilling Machine

account during the designing of the machine and
all parts requiring lubrication are easily access-
ible.

ASSOCIATION: "Nafta, Crna Gora", Petrovac na moru

Card 3/3

15(5)

14(5)

AUTHOR:

Jacht, Wilhelm, Engineer

YUG/4-59-1-9/16

TITLE:

Practical Experience With General Motors and Other Diesel Motors With particular Reference to the Use of Domestic Motor oils and Diesel Fuels From the "Boris Kidrič" Refinery (Radna iskustva s General-Motorsovim i drugim diesel-motorima s naročitim osvrtom na primjenu domaćih motornih ulja i diesel-goriva rafinerije "Boris Kidrič")

PERIODICAL:

Nafta, 1959, Nr 1, pp 40 - 44 (YUG)

ABSTRACT:

The article deals with the properties of the General Motors diesel motor, serial Nr 71, which is used by "Nafta Crna Gora" for drilling machines and also for some vehicles. Running tests based on conditions and instructions from General Motors to establish the suitability of the HD-oils (heavy duty oils) produced by the "Boris Kidrič" Refinery in Rijeka have been satisfactory. The quality of domestic HD oils for lubrication corresponds in every way

Card 1/2

15(5)

14(5)

YUG/4-59-1-9/16

Practical Experience With General Motors and Other Diesel Motors
With particular Reference to the Use of Domestic Motor oils and
Diesel Fuels From the "Boris Kidrič" Refinery

to the foreign product. The "Boris Kidrič" Refinery
produces 4 kinds of HD oils, i.e.: Premium HD
"Alfa D" (corresponds to the "MM/MS"-oils API
Service) for fuels with up to 0.5% sulfur content;
extra HD (API Service MS/DG) for fuels with up to
0.9% sulfur content; Super HD-S1 (API Service
DG/DS) for fuels with up to 1.4% sulfur content
and Super HD-S2 (API Service DG/DS) for fuels with
a sulfur content over 1.4%. There are 3 graphs.

ASSOCIATION: "Nafta Crna Gora", Petrovac na moru

Card 2/2

15(5)

YUG/4-59-2-30/37

AUTHOR: Jecht, Wilhelm, Engineer

TITLE: Practical Experience With General Motors' and Other Diesel Motors, With Particular Reference to the Use of Domestic Motor Oils and Diesel Fuels from the Rijeka Refinery (Radna iskustva s General-Motorsovim i drugim diesel-motorima s naročitim osvrtom na primjenu domaćih motornih ulja i diesel-goriva rafinerije Rijeka).

PERIODICAL: Nafta, 1959, Nr 2, pp 79-83(YUG)

ABSTRACT: The article is a continuation of an article under the same title which was published in "Nafta", 1959, Nr 1. The author describes the tests conducted by General Motors on properties of diesel fuels and the suitability of General Motors motors for petroleum drilling. Motor oils from the Rafinerija nafte (Petroleum Refinery) "Boris Kidrič" in Rijeka have proved suitable for these motors. Satisfactory results with the gas oil

Card 1/2

JECHUMTAL, Jaroslav, inz.

Travel culture and tourism. Letecký obzor 8 no.3865 Mr'64

YUGOSLAVIA / Chemical Technology. Pharmaceuticals. H-17
Vitamins. Antibiotics.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 23, 1958, 78712.

Author : ~~Jecman, J.~~

Inst : Not given.

Title : Gallenic Preparations Containing Penicillin.

Orig Pub: Farmac. glasnik, 1957, 13, No 3-4, 103-109.

Abstract: A review of the properties of penicillin and its most known gallenic preparations and a method for the antiseptic application of this antibiotic, also suggestions to supplement the pharmacopeia II of Yugoslavia. Review. Twenty-two literature references are given.

Card 1/1

JECMEN, Jaroslav, st.

Contemporary preparation of ophthalmologic solutions. Farmaceut
gl Zagreb 20 no.5:163-178 My '64.

COUNTRY : Yugoslavia H-17
CATEGORY :
ABS. JOUR. : RZKhlz., No. 16 1959, No. 58071
AUTHOR : Jecmen, J.
INST. : Not given
TITLE : The Evaluation of Galenic Cardiotonic Preparations

ORIG. PUB. : Farmac Glasnik, 14, No 11, 502-511 (1958)

ABSTRACT : It has been found that the usefulness of preparations (P) of the type described depends to a marked extent not only on the biological value and on the degree of decomposition but also on the quantitative and qualitative [sic] ratio of the individual glucosides. The author proposes either that methods for the determination of glucosides in the above-indicated P be developed or that the P be prepared from pure cardiotonic glucosides rather than from extracts.

From author's summary

CARD: 1/1

KNEZ, Vaclav, inz.; JECMEN, Jiri, inz.

Effect of squeezed curd on the quality of cheese called
Moravian loaf. Prum potravin 13 no.12:633-638 D '62.

1. Vyzkumny ustav mlekarensky, Praha (for Knez). 2. Zavody
potravinarskych a chladicich stroju, n.p., vyzkumny ustav,
Praha (for Jecmen).

INTRODUCTION -- 5

I. Communication Techniques -- 7

1. Communication by cable and radio relay (microwave) -- 11

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L 31798-65
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2. Radio communication -- 42

3. Means of detecting and jamming radio signals -- 88

II. Radar Techniques -- 98

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/10/2001

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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/10/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000619610004-4"

JECMINER, JOSEF

Technická mechanika pro vyšší průmyslové školy i pro praxi. 3. vyd. V Praze, Technicko-
vědecké vydavatelství, 1952. [Technical mechanics; a textbook and practical manual. Vol. 1.
Statics of solids. Graphs, tables.]

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, Vol.3, No.2, Library of Cong., Feb. 1954, Uncl.

POLACEK, Premysl, Doc.Dr., C.Sc.; JECNA, Sona

Embedding of anatomic preparations in coal tar. Cs morfologie 9
no.3:323-328 '61.

1. Anatomicky ustav lekarske fakulty Karlovy university v Hradci
Kralove, prednosta prof. dr. Sc. Jan Hromada.

(ANATOMY)

JECSAI, Andor, uzemi lapszerkeszto

Experiences of the Read and Learn movement in the Red
Star Tractor Factory. Munka 13 no.5:18 My '63.

JECSEI, Gy.; ELODI, P.

Studies on the sulfhydryl groups of LDH from skeletal muscle.
Acta physiol. acad. sci. Hung. 24 no.1:29-34 '63.

1. Biochemical Institute of the Hungarian Academy of Sciences,
Budapest.

(LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE) (SULFHYDRYL COMPOUNDS)
(MUSCLES) (MUSCLE PROTEINS) (HISTOCHEMISTRY)

JECSAI, Gyorgyne

Amino acid composition of some fodders in Hungary. Allattenyesztes
13 no.2:165-170 Je '64.

1. Division of Animal Physiology and Feeding, Research Institute
of Animal Breeding, Budapest.

CSABA, G.;TORO, I.;KISS, F.I.;JEGSAY, G.;ELIODI, P.

On the exact mechanism of the agar-binding reaction in a quantitative method. Neoplasma, Bratisl. 6 no.4:366-382 1959.

1. Histologisch-Embryologisches Institut der Medizinischen University
Biochemisches Institut der Ungarischen Akademie der Wissenschaften,
Budapest, Ungarn.

(NEOPLASMA, diag.)

JECSEI, Gy.

Studies on D-glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase. XIII.
Isolation of D-glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase from
heart muscle. Acta physiol.hung 17 no.2:161-164 '60.

1. Institute of Biochemistry of the Hungarian Academy of
Sciences, Budapest.
(DEHYDROGENASES chem.)
(MYOCARDIUM metab.)

JECSAI, G.

Crystalline lactic dehydrogenase from pig skeletal muscle. Acta physiol. acad. sci. hung. 20 no.4:339-346 '61.

1. Biochemical Institute of the Hungarian Academy of Sciences, Budapest.

(LACTIC DEHYDROGENASE chem)
(MUSCLES chem)

HUNGARY

ELODI, Pal, JECSAI, Gyorgy, and TOTI, Pirooska, of the Institute for Biochemistry at the Hungarian Academy of Sciences (Magyar Tudomanyos Akademia Biokemiai Intezete) in Budapest.

"Studies on D-Glyceraldehyde-3-Phosphate Dehydrogenase. Part 19: The Effect of Sodium Dodecyl Sulfate on the Enzyme Activity and Structural Properties of Dehydrogenases"

Budapest, Acta Physiologica Academiae Scientiarum Hungaricae, Vol 23, No 2, 1963, pp. 87-99.

Abstract: [English article; authors' English summary] A study of the effect of Na-dodecyl sulfate (SDS) on the enzymatic and structural properties of phosphoglyceraldehyde dehydrogenase (PGAD) and lactic dehydrogenase (LDH) has yielded the following evidence: SDS inhibits the activity of both enzymes. PGAD is inhibited somewhat more intensely than LDH. The extent of inhibition is influenced by the protein: SDS ratio as well as by the actual protein concentration of the solutions. A slight increase is only caused by SDS in the levorotation

1/2

HUNGARY

JECSEI, Gyorgy, ELODI, Pal; Hungarian Academy of Sciences, Biochemical Research Institute (Magyar Tudományos Akadémia, Biokémiai Kutató Intézet), Budapest.

"Studies on the Sulfhydryl Groups of LDH From Skeletal Muscle."

Budapest, Acta Physiologica Academiae Scientiarum Hungaricae, Vol XXIV, No 1, 1963, pages 29-34.

Abstract: [English article, authors' English summary] The lactate dehydrogenase (LDH), prepared by the authors' method from pig skeletal muscle, contains 19-20 sulfhydryl groups, as determined by p-chloromercuribenzoate (PCMB) titration. In the native state, in neutral medium, the SH groups of skeletal LDH do not react with PCMB. They can be demonstrated only in alkaline media or after denaturation of the protein (treatment with urea, detergent). As indicated by viscosity data, the alkaline medium changes the tertiary structure of the protein. In the lactate-DPN reaction, at pH 10.0, the blocking of 20 SH groups inhibits the enzyme activity to about 50 per cent. Thus, the role of SH groups in the enzymatic activity of LDH in pig skeletal muscle is questionable, whereas in the case of LDH isolated from the heart muscle of the pig, the SH groups are essential for enzymatic activity. 3 Hungarian, 10 Western references.

1/1

JECU, M.

27
9
The complexometric determination of phosphates and hexaphosphate. R. Vasilev, Vera Schintee, Elena Sigman, J. Pruchter, M. Jecu, I. Chialda, and Gr. Anastasescu (Inst. cercetari farm. si controlul med., Bucharest, Romania). *Lucrările prezentate conf. naț. farm., Bucharest 1958*, 160-7.—A new complexometric method is proposed for the indirect detn. of the phosphates of Na, K, Ca, Mg, and codeine, as well as of hexaphosphate, by pptn. with Bi nitrate in a medium of dil. HNO₃ and titration of the excess of Bi nitrate with Complexon III, with Pyrocatechol Violet used as a specific indicator. The pptn. of the Bi nitrate is quant. and thus the soly. of the ppt. does not affect the results. Felicitas D. Goodman

L 31451-66

ACC NR: AP6023181

SOURCE CODE: RU/0003/65/016/002/0104/0105
21
B

AUTHOR: Vasiliev, R.; Fruchter, J.; Jecu, M.

ORG: Institute for the State Control of Drugs and Pharmaceutical Research (Institutul pentru controlul de stat al medicamentelor si cercetari farmaceutice)

TITLE: New method for the dosage of methadonehydrochloride

SOURCE: Revista de chimie, v. 16, no. 2, 1965, 104-105

TOPIC TAGS: perchloric acid, dioxane, chloroform

ABSTRACT: The authors describe a simple, rapid and precise method for the determination of methadonehydrochloride. The method uses titration in a chloroform medium with a titrated solution of perchloric acid in dioxane, using methanyl yellow as indicator. To remove interfering Cl ions, preliminary treatment with mercuric acetate is use. Orig. art. has: 1 figure and 2 tables. [JPRS]

SUB CODE: 07 / SUM DATE: none

Card 1/1

ST

09/15

13/92

L 34902-66

ACC NR: AP6026621

SOURCE CODE: RU/0003/65/016/005/0293/0294

AUTHOR: Vasiliev, R.; Fruchter, J.; Jecu, M.

ORG: Institute for the State Control of Drugs and Pharmaceutical Research (Institutul pentru controlul de stat al medicamentelor si corcetari farmaceutice)

TITLE: Determination in nonaqueous medium of pethidine hydrochloride in the presence of metanil yellow indicator

SOURCE: Revista de chimie, v. 16, no. 5, 1965, 293-294

TOPIC TAGS: quantitative analysis, potentiometer, chloroform, perchloric acid, dioxane, pharmacology

ABSTRACT: The authors describe a method for the determination of pethidine hydrochloride which is also applicable to the injectable solution. It involves dissolving the substance in chloroform and titration with perchloric acid in dioxane solution, using metanil yellow as indicator. The precision of the method was confirmed by comparing the results with those obtained by potentiometric determination. Orig. art. has: 1 figure and 1 table. [JPRS]

SUB CODE: 07, 06 / SUBM DATE: none

Card 1/1 OLR

0916

2348

Jecu, M.

YASILIUM, R. ✓
Bucharest (in copy); Given below

Country: Rumania

Academic Degrees: Pharmacist

Affiliation: *)

Source: Bucharest, Pharmacia, No 5, May 61, pp 303-306.

Data: "Determination of 3-Benzylthiomethyl-6-Chloro-7-Sulfamyl-1,2,4-Benzothiadiazin-1,1'-Dioxide in "Fovane" Tablets."

Co-authors:

JECU, M., Pharmacist. ✓

SCIMPAN, Vera, Pharmacist. ✓

*) Work performed at the Institute for the State Control of Drugs and of Pharmaceutical Investigations (Institutul pentru Controlul de Stat al Medicamentului si Cercetari Farmaceutice), Bucharest.

VASILIEV, R.; SCINTEE, V.; CHIALDA, I.; SISMAN, E.; FRUCHTER, J.;
JECU, M.

Identification and determination of antipyrine, pyramidon, and
novalgin in the mixtures which contain these three components.
Rev chimie Min petr 13 no.12:759-760 D '62.

1. Institutul pentru controlul de stat al medicamentelor si
cercetari farmaceutice.

VASILIEV, R.; FRUCHTER, J.; JECU, M.

Determination of piperidine in nonaqueous medium. Rev chimie Min
petr 14 no.5:302 My '63.

1. Institutul pentru controlul de stat al medicamentelor si
cercetari farmaceutice.

VASILIEV, R.; FRUCHTER, J.; JECU, M.

Determination of cyclohexylamine in a nonaqueous medium. Rev
chimie Min petr 14 no.5:303 My '63.

1. Institutul pentru controlul de stat al medicamentelor si
cercetari farmaceutice.

VASILIEV, R.; FRUCHTER, J.; JECU, M.

A new method of dosing methadone hydrochloride. Rev
chimie Min petr 16 no.2:104-105 F '65.

1. Institute for State Control of Medicine and Pharmaceutical
Research, Bucharest.

JECU, P.

TECHNOLOGY

REVISTA CAILOR FERATE Vol. 6, no. 9, Sept.1958.

Protection of excavation extremities from snow. p.475.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI), LC, Vol. 8, No. 53
~~May-1959~~, Unclass.
March

JECZALIK, A.

"Quick method for determination of RO in iron ores," Przegląd Geologiczny,
Warszawa, No 5, May 1954, p. 192.

SO: Eastern European Accessions List, Vol 3, No 11, Nov 1954, L.C.

JECZALIK, A.

"Exactness of the chemical analysis of silicates," Przegląd Geologiczny,
Warszawa, No 8, Aug 1954, p. 336.

SO: Eastern European Accessions List, Vol 3, No 11, Nov 1954, L.C.

JECZALIK, A.

Chemical analysis of silica, p. 82. (PRZEGLAD GEOLOGICZNY, Warszawa, No. 2, Feb. 1955.)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EEAL), LC, Vol. 4, No. 6, Jan. 1955, Uncl.

" JECZALIK, AUGUSTYN

Poland/Analytical Chemistry - Analysis of Inorganic Substances, G-2

Abst Journal: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 19, 1956, 61827

Author: Jeczalik, Augustyn

Institution: None

Title: Analysis of Strontium Minerals

Original

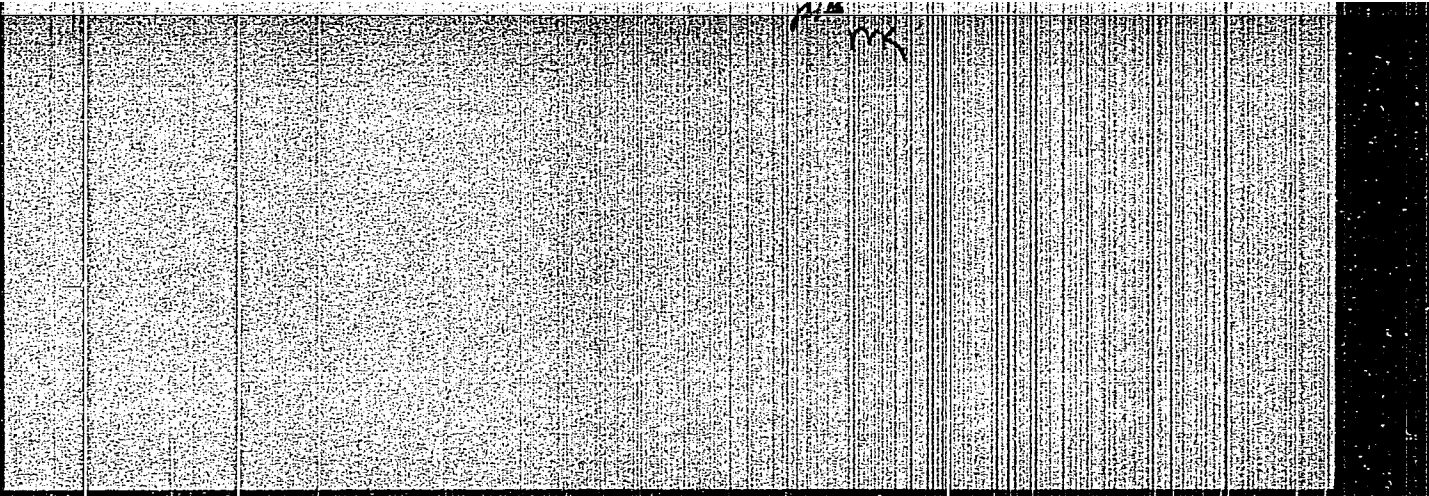
Periodical: Analiza mineralow strontowych, Przegl. geol., 1955, No 8, 382-385;
Polish

Abstract: Description of a method suitable for production evaluation of Sr-minerals and for technological purposes. In one sample are determined SrO, BeO, CaO and SO₃, in another SiO₂, R₂O₃, and MgO. Other determinations (CO₂, Na₂O, K₂O and moisture) are made in separate samples as in the analysis of usual carbonate rocks. After conversion of sulfates of Ca, Ba and Sr to carbonates and their separation from SO₄²⁻, Ca is separated from Sr and Ba by precipitation method using HNO₃, Sp. Gr. 1.445 (Groves, A. W., Silicate Analysis, 2 Ed., London, 1951). Ba is separated from Sr by the method of

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A. JECZALIK

Cool, remove the drying chamber and attach weighed absorption vessels for H_2O (anhyd. $CaCl_2$ and P_2O_5 , satd. with CO_2) and for CO_2 (KOH soln.). Cover the bulb with a piece of platinum foil and, passing a slow stream of air, heat with a burner.

(*Chamaeleon*) Vol. 1, no. 1, 1956, Kariyama, R. and

JECZALIK, A.

TECHNOLOGY

PERIODICAL: PREZGLAD GEOLOGICZNY. Vol. 6, no. 3, Mar. 1958.

JECZALIK, A. A new radiochemical method of searching and calculating uranium ore resources. p. 118.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC Vol. 3, no. 4
April 1959, Unclass.

JECZALIK, A.

The role of organic substances in the geochemical uranium cycle. p. 216.

PREZEGŁAD GEOLOGICZNY. Wydawnictwa Geologiczne. Warszawa, Poland, Vol. 7, No. 5, May, 1959.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI), LC, Vol. 8, No. 9, September, 1959.
Uncl.

JECZALIK, Tadeusz

One hundred one point four. Results of planned production in the building materials industries. Interview with director A. Giersz. Przem mat budow 9 no.17:1,4 30 Ap 62.

JECZALIK, Tadeusz

The Chrzanow Lime Industrial Works in Plaza are calling for
help. Przem mat bud 9 no.25:3 18 Je '62.

JECZALIK, Tadeusz

A motto for the average day; on socialist labor competition.
Przem mat bud 9 no.26:1 25 Je '62.

JECZALIK, Tadeusz

In the shadow of Frszcza Jodlowa; on the Bukown Lime Works.
Przem mat bud 9 no.29/30:6 22 J1 '62.

JECZY, K., JR.

JECZY, K. JR. Measurement of radioactive rays by computing tube equipment. p. 244.

Vol. 5, No. 11, Nov. 1955.

RADICOTECHNIKA

TECHNOLOGY

Budapest, Hungary

So: East European Accession, Vol. 5, No. 5, May 1956.

JECZY, K.; JR..

Measurement of radioactive rays by means of tubular counting equipment; connecting elements of simple counting equipment. p. 268.

Vol 5, no. 12, Dec. 1955. RADIOTECHNIKA, Budapest, Hungary.

So: Eastern European Accession. Vol 5, no. 4, April 1956

JEDELSKY, V., Mdr.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
Possibility of lowering the morbidity rate in working people. Czech.
zdravot. 6 no.5:255-256 May 58.

1. primar neurologického oddeleni OUN~~U~~ Sternberk.

(INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE

lowering of morbidity rate in indust. (Cz))

(VITAL STATISTICS

morbidity in indust., lowering of rate (Cz))

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

V. JEDELSKY and A. STRYGLOVA, Neurology Division of Hospital with
Outpatient Unit (Neurologické oddelení nemocnice s poliklinikou),
Okres Health Unit (OUNZ [Okresní Ústav Národního Zdraví]) Okres Olomouc,
Baernbeck.

"Cerebral Hemorrhage into the Hypophysis."

Czechoslov. Československá fyziologie, Vol 25(58), No 6, Nov 1962; pp 406-407.

Abstract [English summary modified]: Case report of woman aged 31,
suffering from recurrent headaches for many years, but with marginal
physical findings: radiologic suspicion of possible pituitary tumor;
at one visit sudden "attack" of acute migraine, not unlike many earlier
ones according to patient, but condition rapidly worsened, with death
36 hours later: cerebral edema due to massive pituitary hemorrhage. No
tumor, cause still somewhat elusive: postulated tiny vascular malforma-
tion in the area. Two slides, roentgenogram of sella.

1/1

JEDERAN - M.


HUNG.

113. Some problems of warp beam braking — M. JEDERAN.
(*Magyar Textiltechnika* — 1954, No. 9, pp. 374-379,
6 figs, 1 tab.)

In the braking of warp beams with ropes or chains, the braking force depends upon the coefficient of friction and upon angle α between the two branches of the rope or chain. By raising this angle, at first the braking force increases abruptly, however, after 2.5 to 3 laps this increase becomes insignificant and the danger arises that the dead weight of the fixed end of the rope will exceed the force acting in the same. In this case the rope may wind onto the friction pulley and draw the brake lever up to the warp beam, thereby damaging the warp yarn. This danger increases with reducing beam diameters, moreover, with very small diameters it may be observed that the beam delivers the yarn intermittently. This is due to the fact that the coefficient of kinetic friction is lower than that of static friction. The increase of the warp tension turns the warp beam, consequently the friction

M. JEDERAU

decreases, the warp beam rotates until the tension overcomes the reduced friction. As soon as the warp slackens, friction becomes static again. This effect can be eliminated by using leather or cloth-lined brakes. At a constant braking force the decrease of the warp beam diameter causes a hyperbolic increase of the warp tension. Computations deduced from the Euler formula show that if the warp tension is to be kept within admissible limits, those warp beam diameters for which a shifting of the weights is required form a geometrical progression. A definite brake lever length belongs to each of these diameters, depending on the ratio of maximum and minimum limit values and on μ and α .

Jedőran, M. 

✓ 112. Criticism of measuring static tension. M. Jedőran
Magyar Textiltechnika. 1955. No. 11-12, pp. 418-425.
 12 figs., 3 tabs.

When switching on the Baer static warp tension tester (modified by the Hungarian Textile Research Institute) a secondary tension arises in the warp yarns. Therefore the registered values are significantly higher at low effective tensions whereas at increasing tensions they are higher in a gradually increasing manner than the effective tensions. This has been proved by the electronic tension testing method developed at the Budapest Technical University. During weaving dynamic tensions arise which differ from the static tensions. It has been established that the measuring of static tension in itself cannot lead to reliable results however the change of dynamic tension is a complicated phenomenon depending on many circumstances. By trying to find the connection between the easily measurable static tensions and the difficult to measure dynamic tensions an analysis of the rope brake is given, the max. value and the changes of the static tension in the zone of static equilibrium are determined. The author maintains that the oscillation of the brake lever and the

warp beam are due to the self-locking of the brake rope. This is one of the causes of fluctuation in warp tension. The dynamic tension arising with open shed corresponds fairly well with the static maximum. A great deal more research work is necessary for the final clarification of this subject.

JEDERAN, M.

TECHNOLOGY

PERIODICA POLYTECHNICA. ENGINEERING. (Budapesti Muszaki Egyetem) Budapest.

JEDERAN, M. Theoretical examination of the automatic warp beam brake, In
German. p. 57.

Vol. 2, no. 2. 1958.

Monthly List of East European Accession (EEAI) LC Vol. 8, No. 3
March 1959, Unclass.

JEDERAN, M.

Influence of the kinematic parameters of the loom on energy consumption. p. 393.

MAGYAR TEXTILTECHNIKA, (Textilipari Muszaki es Tudomanyos Egyesulet)
Budapest, Hungary, Vol. 10, no. 11/12, Dec. 1958.

Monthly list of East European Accessions (EEAI), LC, Vol. 8, No. 8,
August 1959.
Uncla.

JEDEFAN, M.

"Up-to-date principles and solutions concerning automatic looms." p. 55

MAGYAR TEXTILTECHNIKA (Textilipari Muszaki es Tudomanyos Egyesulet)
Budapest, Hungary, Vol. 11, No. 2, Feb. 1959

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, No. 6, June 1959
Uncl.

JEDEPAN, M.

The situation and prospects of the preparatory technology in silk industry.
p. 148.

MAGYAR TEXTILTECHNIKA. (Textilipari Műszaki és Tudományos Egyesület)
Budapest, Hungary. Vol. 11, no. 4, Apr. 1959.

Monthly List of East European Acquisitions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, no. 2, July 1959.
Uncl.

Jederan, M.

A comparative investigation of the sliding and rolling bearing supports
on a R. 105 weaving loom. p.344

MAGYAR TEXTILTECHNIKA. (Textilipari Műszaki és Tudományos Egyesület)
Budapest, Hungary. Vol.11, no.9, September 1959

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol.8, no.11
November 1959
Uncl.

JEDERAN, M.

Investigation of the motion of a shuttle depending upon the parameters of its shuttling mechanism. p.440.

MAGYAR TEXTILTECHNIKA. (Textilipari Muszaki es Tudomanyos Egyesulet)
Budapest, Hungary. Vol. 11, no. 11, Nov. 1959.

Monthly List of East European Accessions. (EEAI) LC Vol. 9, no. 2,
Feb. 1960 Uncl.